



General Assembly

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The Independence of British and French Cameroon

The General Assembly,

Aware of the current situation in French Cameroon,

Concerned by the recent rise in violent conflict in certain regions,

Expressing with deep concern that the number of people who have so far been killed, arrested and forcibly exiled is quite high,

Keeping in mind the actions of the French Government in the negative treatment of the native peoples of Cameroon,

Recognizing the positive effects the French government had on Cameroonian people such as in sectors of education and infrastructure,

Acknowledging that the situation is becoming very serious, with violence erupting particularly from the UPC,

Alarmed by the lack of support that is being shown towards the cause of keeping peace in French Cameroon,

1. *Suggests* that the Security Council takes notice of the situation and may consider as a measure of last resort to use peacekeeping forces which will ensure that:
 - a. The rise in violent crime is contained,
 - b. The people of French Cameroon are reassured that something is being done to tackle the escalating situation,
 - c. Further reminds the Security Council that before pursuing as measure the deployment of a U.N peacekeeping force, that the Administrative Power is required to first expend all possible measures to maintain order and peace in their mandate,
 - d. Recommends the creation and training of native police and military forces in Cameroon, which will take the place of their French counterparts once independence has been achieved;
2. *Urges* all Member States to send financial aid to Cameroon to ensure that if independence were to occur in Cameroon:
 - a. The infrastructure of Cameroon is kept intact and improved,
 - b. There is no corruption within the government in order to keep it a democratic country,
 - c. There is no indirect exploitation of the native people,
 - d. This financial aid will be moderated by an assembly created by the UN in order to make sure that the money is being put to the purpose of action;
3. *Further invites* the United Nations to make their annual reports more frequent in order to:
 - a. Make sure that the violence does not progress,
 - b. Ensure that the wellbeing of native people is sustained;

4. *Urges* the government of France and the UPC to respect the basic human rights of Cameroonian citizens;
5. *Recommends* the establishment of an independent UN expert group to plan the development of critical infrastructure and services for the country in preparation for sustainability of development investments after independence;
6. *Encourages* a UN overseen meeting between the parties affected by the conflict, whereby they will make sure that Cameroon will get their independence in a timely manner, after they have developed sufficiently;
7. *Affirms* the French government will abide by the Trusteeship Agreement until 1961 so that they will be able to:
 - a. Make sure that the Cameroonians reach a certain level of development,
 - b. Help the development financially,
 - c. Phase out and amend the Trusteeship Agreement to grant the Cameroonians their independence when found appropriate;
8. *Recommends* the membership of Cameroon in the UN once they've achieved independence;
9. *Strongly supports* the creation of a trade union between the nation of Cameroon and neighboring countries and France;
10. *Expresses* its hope for a conference in which the territory of British Cameroon will be discussed;
11. *Expresses* its hope for a democratic government after Cameroon gains their independence:
 - a. This government will be chosen by the public vote:
 - i. The constitution writing process will be monitored by the UN,
 - ii. A democratic vote will make sure that there will not be any corruption within the state.
